



Module Three – Knowledge Check Questions

Correct answers are highlighted in yellow.

1. What did the 13th Amendment do?
 - a. Abolished slavery
 - b. Allowed for slavery to continue for two more decades
 - c. Ended the Civil War
 - d. Allowed black men the right to vote
2. What did the 14th Amendment do?
 - a. Abolished slavery
 - b. Extended citizenship rights
 - c. Allowed black men the right to vote
 - d. Ended the Civil War
3. What did the 15th Amendment do?
 - a. Abolished slavery
 - b. Allowed black men the right to vote
 - c. Extended citizenship rights
 - d. Ended the Civil War
4. What were the series of laws designed to imprison the black male population?
 - a. Black laws
 - b. Jim Crow
 - c. Black incarceration
 - d. Black codes
5. Which of the following events is considered the start of the Civil Rights Movement?
 - a. Rosa Parks refusing to give up her bus seat
 - b. MLK's I Have A Dream Speech
 - c. Freedom Rides
 - d. The Brown v. Board of Education decision
6. What was the catalyst of the Kent State shootings?
 - a. Nixon's election
 - b. Nixon's invasion of Cambodia
 - c. The Watergate break-in
 - d. MLK's assassination
7. In what year did the number of American soldiers peak in Vietnam?
 - a. 1968
 - b. 1969
 - c. 1970
 - d. 1971
8. Who won the Presidency in 1968?



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- a. Robert Kennedy
 - b. Lyndon Johnson
 - c. Gerald Ford
 - d. Richard Nixon
9. What group did Nixon appeal to during the 1968 election?
- a. The Silent Majority
 - b. The Silent Minority
 - c. The Silent Generation
 - d. The Anti-War protestors
10. What show aired the first interaction kiss in American history?
- a. Leave it to Beaver
 - b. Star Trek
 - c. Happy Days
 - d. The Golden Girls